

LASTED ON. GILMORE'S BURIAL.

An Immense Throng Follows the Body to Church.

Simple but Impressive Ceremonies at St. Francis Xavier's.

A Salute Fired at the Grave in Calvary Cemetery.

The funeral of Patrick Joseph Gilmore was held from his late residence, 104 West Eighty-sixth street, at 10.15 this morning. Although the widow had requested that it be held with as little ostentation as possible, and that nothing be done to give the semblance of a public occasion, the event approached in fact the burial of a national hero. The funeral was held in the presence of a large number of dignitaries and guests, and the service was one of the most impressive ever held at St. Francis Xavier's.

Friends of the great leader began to gather at the Gilmore residence as early as 7 o'clock. A half hour later there was a steady stream of carriages and pedestrians coming from both the avenue and Boulevard, and the street was soon jammed with equipages and people.

A detail of fifty police from the West Sixty-sixth street station, under command of Inspector McAvoy and Capt. Smith, kept the sidewalk leading to the house clear, and all who desired were allowed to enter.

The casket was plain black with silver trimmings, and rested on a bier in the library. It was wrapped in a large silk shroud, and the lid was covered with roses and lilies of the valley.

The dead leader was not exposed and the casket was covered with a photograph of Mr. Gilmore which was placed on the altar.

At 9.15 the casket was carried from the house and placed in the hearse. The active pallbearers were W. Brown, J. B. Britton, C. S. Wier, G. S. Hennebel, Albert Wilkinson and J. J. Secor, all non-commissioned officers of the Twenty-second Regiment.

The honorary pallbearers were Alexander Bremer, President, and John Hunt, Secretary, of the Musical Mutual Protective Union; Jacob Hammerstein, Commander, and M. M. Beck, Captain, of the Musical Post 452, G. A. R.; J. D. Desjardins and James P. Farrell, of the Catholic Club of New York; and John A. Coker and Amos J. Cummings, of the Press Club.

The honorary pallbearers were followed by a committee appointed to represent the Press Club at the funeral, which was composed of C. W. Fries, W. Keller, J. H. Kugel, Edward W. Kugel, J. H. Kugel, Dr. A. T. Hills, R. H. Hoesel, Jr., E. L. Macdonald, Sydney Rosenfeld, and F. L. Macdonald.

Then came the Ladies Club Committee, composed of E. C. Robinson, Col. Richard Lattin, Chester S. Lord, George W. Turner, Edward Moran, Charles Fulton, Col. F. W. Kugel, Dr. A. T. Hills, R. H. Hoesel, Jr., E. L. Macdonald, Sydney Rosenfeld, and F. L. Macdonald.

A committee from the National Federation of America, including Judge Morgan T. O'Brien, Mr. W. L. Walker, Judge Joseph T. Daly, John D. Cunniff, Frederick Glavin, Edward J. Sheehy, Hugh R. Williams, Brown, Dennis Loney, Dr. C. J. McGuire, E. B. Brown and John A. Coker, and a detachment of the Old Guard, under command of Capt. Moore, followed. Other organizations represented were the Musical Post 31, Patrick's and other Irish societies.

The procession formed on the Boulevard, a platoon of police under Capt. Smith leading. A volunteer band of seventy-eight pieces came next. Arrived at the church, the casket was placed in the hearse, and the funeral was held in the presence of a large number of dignitaries and guests.

A floral piece representing to design and color the badge of the Twenty-second Regiment was borne in an open carriage. Several other carriages followed, containing a large number of flowers, and a float carrying a large number of flowers, and a float carrying a large number of flowers.

The hearse was next in line, flanked by the pallbearers and followed by a military escort of sixtieth from the Twenty-second Regiment. The funeral was held in the presence of a large number of dignitaries and guests.

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PROBABLE MURDER IN A DIVE.

A Marine Brutally Assaulted in the Presence of a Policeman.

They Had Gone Into Gomboy's to Make an Arrest.

George A. Eckstein, a United States marine, is in St. Vincent's Hospital with a fractured skull, received in the presence of a policeman who had accompanied him into Gomboy's.

Two of Gomboy's employees, Frederick Burke, a waiter, and George Ballentine, an Italian bartender, were arrested in the Tombs Police Court this morning on the charge of causing Eckstein's injuries.

Eckstein and two other marines in the Brooklyn Navy-Yard, Joseph J. Ottwell and William B. Hindley, obtained permission to come to the city yesterday. They started in to have a good time and wound up the day by visiting Gomboy's concert saloon.

The three marines spent a couple of hours in Gomboy's place drinking. Shortly before midnight they got into a row.

Ottwell claimed that he paid for a round of drinks and didn't get the proper change from the waiter. The latter struck the marine and a fight followed.

Several waiters and "bouncers" pounced upon the marines and gave them a severe beating. The marines were thrown out of the saloon, where the fight continued until the cry of police was raised.

Policeman Pollock came to the rescue of the marines, who were sprawling all over the street. By the time he got there Gomboy's saloon was in a state of confusion.

The fight in the bar was caused much excitement in the bawdy. A large crowd had gathered, and when Marine Ottwell was thrown out, bleeding from the cut in his face and with his eye swollen to the size of an apple, the crowd began to yell.

One man cried that no sailors could go into Gomboy's without being assaulted and beaten.

Gomboy, the proprietor, came to the door, and there were cries of "lynch him!" "lynch him!"

Gomboy tried to explain matters, and said it was not his fault that the marine had been assaulted.

There were more cries of "lynch him," and Gomboy got out of the way before the mob could reach him.

Police took the marines down to the Mulberry street station-house. Ottwell, who had been beaten, was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital.

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WARNER MILLER'S LABORERS.

No Americans Employed on the Nicaragua Canal.

Jamaica Negroes May Be Supplanted by Still Cheaper Japanese.

Senator Warner Miller's efforts to secure National aid for his Nicaragua canal are meeting a storm of opposition in labor circles, where it is being reported that the republican leader is considering the advisability of discharging his Jamaica island negro employees en masse and importing Japanese laborers, who will work cheaper and won't eat so much.

It was widely rumored that North American men who applied for work to Mr. Miller's sub-bosses have always been turned away because they would not work cheap enough.

A cheap negro labor from the West Indies has hitherto received the benefit of the benevolent policy of Mr. Miller's headquarters, but now it is said the negroes must give way to the objectionable Mongolians.

Mr. Miller this morning denied that any Japanese laborers had yet been imported, but admitted that he has been in communication with consuls in Japan.

"Chinese are excluded from Nicaragua," Mr. Miller said to an Evening World reporter. "They came to us from the United States, but there is no law against the importation of Japanese."

"We have been able thus far to get plenty of Jamaican labor, and have not made any arrangements to import men from any part of Europe."

"Do you not employ men from the United States?" Mr. Miller was asked.

"Skilled men from this country, but not laborers," he replied.

"It is reported that there has been a great deal of sickness among your men?"

"Cholera is now in New York, and if there was any sickness in Nicaragua he would be sent out."

According to information received in New York the Japanese who are to be imported are to be paid \$10 a month and given what rice they need.

"THEY" SURPRISE DR. LAMSON.

Puzzled by the Publication To-Day of His Marriage Last June.

Dentist George L. Lamson, of 351 West Forty-second street, was surprised this morning when an Evening World reporter showed him the published announcement of his marriage in June last, to Miss M. Connors.

"I never authorized that advertisement," he said.

"Well, is it true, Doctor, that you were married in June?" the reporter asked.

"You have to ask them," he answered.

"Who are 'them'?"

"Why, the parties who put that notice in the paper?"

THEY WILL BE HEARD.

Another Investigation of the Charges Against Dr. Donovan.

His Accusers to Be Permitted to Tell Their Stories.

President Porter Hears of a New Complaint Against Governor.

President Porter, of the Board of Charities and Correction, has decided to order a new investigation of the charges against Dr. Donovan, House Physician of Governor Hospital.

Dr. Donovan was charged by Samuel and Joseph Friedman, of 77 Suffolk street, and Max Borsak, of 32 Norfolk street, with having extorted money from them while they were visiting their relatives who were lying at the Governor Hospital suffering from injuries received during the panic last Friday, at the synagogue.

Dr. Donovan admitted having taken \$3, but said the money was given him freely out of gratitude.

The Board of Examiners of Governor Hospital was last Saturday requested by the Charity Commissioners to investigate.

The report of the Examiners was submitted yesterday and contained a withering arraignment of Dr. Donovan, on the ground that, although he admitted having taken money, he did not know that the rules of the institution did not permit him to do so.

The Examiners although empowered to cite witnesses, have taken the testimony only of Dr. Donovan and of a Mr. Wilson, who is chief orderly at Governor Hospital.

The persons who made the charges against Dr. Donovan were not heard at all.

Asked by an Evening World reporter this morning whether he considered it just that the men who charged Dr. Donovan with extortion should be branded, by implication, as perjurers, on the mere statement of the accused person without giving them an opportunity to vindicate themselves, President Porter replied:

"I certainly do not think that such a course is perfectly just and shall at once order the witnesses to take the testimony of these people."

"Do you intend reappointing Dr. Donovan after his term has expired?"

"Well," replied President Porter, "it is not customary to reappoint any house physician after his term has expired, but sometimes a house physician is allowed to hold over for a month or two. What shall be done in Dr. Donovan's case if he should request to be held over will depend upon the decision of the Examining Board, after taking the new testimony."

There are other charges now being made against the management of Governor Hospital.

Abraham Cohen, twenty-one years old, a glazier, of 99 Orchard street, complained to an Evening World reporter that he had applied for treatment at the Governor Hospital and was refused admission.

"Last Saturday night," said he, "I fell and sprained my left arm. It was painful, but I did not consider the matter serious enough to consult a doctor about it. The next day, however, I suffered terribly and went to the Governor Hospital."

"I was told that I should have come immediately. Under no consideration would I be allowed to see a doctor, and I was suffering mightily and begged them to send me away."

At the Governor Hospital this morning, Chief Orderly Wilson told an Evening World reporter that he remembered the case, and said:

"Our rules are that emergency cases are to be admitted at all hours, but dispensary cases, unless they come in at the time of the accident, or shortly, say an hour or two, after, must apply between the hours of 9 and 11 in the morning for medical, and between 2 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon for surgical treatment."

Cohen said that he applied at 10 o'clock on Sunday morning.

"How about that rule?" President Porter was asked.



HOSPITAL PHYSICIAN—Please Help the Poor Unalarmed Doctor!

BRUNSWICK, GA., UNDER WATER.

People Panned Into Their Homes—Public Offices Shut Off.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Sept. 28.—A special from Brunswick to the Morning News says: Brunswick was visited yesterday morning by a cloudburst and a terrific electric storm that damaged \$200,000 worth of property.

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SAID HE HAD SHOT HIS WIFE.

Barterer Murphy's Startling Statement to a Police Sergeant.

At 10 o'clock this morning a man walked into the Twenty-third Precinct station-house, in East Thirty-third street, and told the sergeant he had just shot his wife and wanted to live himself.

He said he was Thomas Murphy, thirty years old, a bartender, and lived at 305 East Thirty-third street.

He said he and his wife Annie had had an argument at the breakfast table, and that he had accidentally shot her in the abdomen.

Murphy was locked up and an officer sent to investigate.

The policeman found Dr. Franklin Strives, who had been called to the station, and Murphy was taken to the police station, attending the wounded woman.

Mrs. Murphy was in no danger of her life, but the coroner is sent for to take her autopsy.

A priest was called and administered extreme unction.

Murphy was then removed to Bellevue Hospital, where Dr. Van Loan made an examination of the woman's wound. It was found that the bullet, which was of only .22-caliber, had not penetrated the abdominal wall and Mrs. Murphy was in no danger of her life.

The wife said that she asked her husband this morning for money to buy food for their children, whom she had not seen for some time, and he shot her.

When Murphy was seen at the police station, he promised to tell very fully over what he called the accident.

He will, however, be held to await the result of his wife's injuries.

NO ANSWER FROM THE ROAD.

Iowa Telegraphers Say They Are Making a Winning Fight.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Sept. 28.—The officials of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railway have not replied to the request of the committee of trainmen who asked that the dispute with the operators be arbitrated, and there is little change in the situation.

A report that the strikers had given up the fight, chief Hanney pronounces untrue, saying it was sent out by the road with the hope of lulling the men to take the vacant positions. Hanney declares that the road is not handling its business nor running the trains.

At the general office there seems to be no disposition to recede from the position originally taken.

The Missouri Pacific Operators.

MOTHER AND CHILD BURNED.

John B. Toner's House Destroyed During His Absence.

MUSKOGEE, La., Sept. 28.—The house of John B. Toner was destroyed by fire early this morning by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. The burned building was located at West-bury.

Mrs. Toner and her five-year-old son, who were sleeping in the house at the time, were burned to death.

Mrs. Toner's skull was found in the ruins near the entrance to the house. She had evidently perished while trying to save her child.

Her husband, who worked in New York was not at home at the time of the fire.

HERE'S COOLNESS FOR YOU.

A Fellow Helps Himself to a Dollar Out of a Woman's Purse.

"Timothy Twomey, of 333 East Thirty-sixth street, was remanded in the Yorkville Police Court this morning pending the appearance of a complainant.

Ethel Harrington, of 159 West Twenty-second street, was coming downtown on a Madison avenue surface car last evening, when Twomey entered, took a seat beside her, coolly picked up her pocketbook from her lap, opened it, snatched a dollar bill and disappeared.

Twomey said he knew the woman and that it was all right. He revealed his acquaintance, but failed to appear at the trial.

MURDERED WHILE ON A VISIT.

A St. Louis Merchant Is Found Dead Near Perth, Ont.

PERTH, Ont., Sept. 28.—The body of George Mitchell, a hardware merchant of St. Louis, was found last night in a ditch along the railway track near the station at this place. There was a large gash on the back of his head and a cut two inches long on his forehead.

It is supposed that he was robbed and murdered. His body was taken to his father and mother, who live here.

MILES OF BURNING TREES.

Colorado Forests Destroyed and Vast Prairies Threatened.

BRUCE, Vt., Sept. 28.—Nearly all of the timber covering the mountains from Tin Cup to Texas Creek has been burned and the prairie fires have been driven out. Fully twenty square miles of timber have been destroyed.

There will be much danger when the fire gets in the thick timber on the creek and in the tall grass, of which there are over fifty square miles.

COME BACK, DEAR BOY.

LAST EDITION.

\$250,000 IN FLAMES.

Another Big Fire in the Singer Sewing Machine Works.

Buildings, Locomotives and Freight Cars Destroyed.

GRM Workmen Directly and Indirectly Affected by the Blaze.

FLAZARITH, N. J., Sept. 28.—Another big fire broke out at 2 o'clock this morning in the Singer Sewing Machine Works at Elizabeth, N. J., and destroyed property worth over \$250,000.

The flames were first discovered in the roof of the main building and when the third engine arrived it was too late. The fire spread rapidly and swept towards Staten Island Road, being aided by a strong wind from the north-west.

The cabinet shop and a paper shop, large brick structures, each 120 by 60 feet, and the round house, where the company's locomotives were stored, were soon a roaring mass of flame.

The shipping building and packing room, immense structure 400 by 120 feet, in which was stored 6000 machines, was only saved by a fortunate change of the wind.

Three locomotives, thirteen freight cars and a large amount of valuable machinery were destroyed. The gas-lifters' department was also burned.

The entire fire department of Elizabeth was summoned. The chief engineer, who was in the fire, fought the fire from the company's wharves. The united efforts of these boats saved the dock and shipping department from destruction.

The flames leaped across the yard and caught the buildings located along the Central Railroad track, but the fire was checked there before it made any headway.

The carpenter and cabinet shops were saved, but three stories high and furnished with machinery to about 600 men. They will be immediately rebuilt.

The fire is supposed to have been caused by a defective gas lamp. Several other fires have been caused by defective gas lamps.

The fire will seriously cripple the operations of the whole plant, which employs 4000 persons, as the work performed in the burned departments is essential to the company's output.

This is the second great fire of the Singer works within a year and a half, and it is of existence most of their plant owned by the former fire, which cost the company \$750,000.

Charles Galloway, of Engine Company No. 1, was badly hurt by being caught under a part of a falling tree. Several other firemen were slightly injured by flying bricks.

William Hovick was severely burned on the back of the neck by an electric-light wire.

\$10,000 FIRE AT MAURICETOWN.

MILFORD, N. J., Sept. 28.—The village of Mauricetown, seven miles from here, was visited by a destructive fire this morning. The large slaughtering and packing plant of A. L. Nicholas, together with barns and outbuildings, was destroyed. Loss \$10,000; damage \$20,000.

BI-WHEELER RAILROAD WRECK.

Real Collisions Suggested as Wreck's Fair Spectacles.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—An engineer of the Louisville and New Albany Railroad would have been a destructive wrecking ball on the grounds and build a railway track in the circumstance, with another track inside connected by switches.